**Councilor Louijeune Small Landlord Project Report**

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**Background**

The affordable housing Program in the Boston area is designed to help people with limited incomes find affordable housing. There are many types of housing in the Boston area, and housing prices are not evenly distributed. We hope to use some of the techniques of data science to help the project find more suitable homes for people with limited incomes. In addition, we intend to conduct a summary of complaints about homes in the Boston area.

**Motivation**

We chose this project because we want to help a certain group of people with low income to find and live in suitable and affordable houses or apartments. Based on our analysis, we hope it would be possible to create a path between affordable housing and qualified tenants. We hope to make some contribution to this project through our efforts.

For the extension part, our group members all have experience renting in the Boston area. We have encountered some problems in our life, so we wanted to look into the landlord complaints of houses in the Boston area and the main reasons behind the data.

**Compilation Instruction**

We have two folders, which are Spark Landlord and extension. The Spark Landlord folder contains all the data used to answer the base questions and the graph generated. The extension folder contains all the data used in the extension question and the graphs generated.

Code should be run in Jupyter Notebook. Run all the code again to reproduce all the results.

**Datasets Navigation**

**Base:**

1. **Boston Accessor Added Income Restricted.csv**

Using google API to get the detailed address for the unit in the income-restricted dataset and then separate the address to get some new attributes. Through the same address to merge BostonAssessorsDataCleaned and income-restricted-inventory-2021

1. **boston-neighbourhood-data.csv**

Recorded the distribution of human races in each city in the Boston area.

1. **BostonAssessorsDataCleaned.csv**

Dataset specifies owner occupied and number of units in a location.

1. **city\_lat.csv**

The geographic location of each city within the Boston area.

1. **income-restricted-inventory-2021.csv**

Income restricted housing detailed information.

1. **income-restricted-inventory-address.csv**

Income restricted housing detailed information and their address.

1. **lat.csv**

The geographic location of income restricted housing.

**Extension:**

1. **RentSmart.csv**

Recorded housing violation type, location, and other detailed information.

1. **Boston Accessor Added Income Restricted.csv**

Using google API to get the detailed address for the unit in the income-restricted dataset and then separate the address to get some new attributes. Through the same address to merge BostonAssessorsDataCleaned and income-restricted-inventory-2021

1. **Building and Properties Violations.csv**

Recorded detailed housing violation description and housing location.

**Data Visualization and Exploration**

表格

描述已自动生成Base:

Chart of the number of housing landlords in affordable housing in the Boston area

地图

描述已自动生成

Distribution of affordable housing heatmap

地图

描述已自动生成

Distribution of non-affordable housing heatmap

The above two heat maps show the distribution of affordable and non-affordable housing in the Boston area.

Extension:

地图

描述已自动生成

Houses with complaints/violations on the map through the house address

图表, 直方图

描述已自动生成

The number of complaints per housing by Zip Code

**Results obtained / questions answered**

**Base Questions:**

1. What is the current distribution of landlords NOT currently enrolled in different affordable housing programs? # of units?

19304 landlords are not currently enrolled in different affordable housing programs.

1. Geographic distribution (by zip code)?

Not-enrolled-landlords distribution

图表, 条形图

描述已自动生成

1. Demographic profile of census block group (majority race, ethnicity, income)

图表, 饼图

描述已自动生成Distribution of races in Boston

1. What is the current distribution of landlords and housing listed in current affordable housing programs?

图表, 条形图

描述已自动生成

current distribution of landlords

图表, 条形图

描述已自动生成

图表, 条形图

描述已自动生成Zip code 02132 has the most landlords.

Zip code 02127 has the most housing.

1. What is the geographic distribution of these landlords by city council district?

表格

描述已自动生成

表格

描述已自动生成Affordable housing distribution.

Non-affordable housing distribution

1. What percentage of housing stock is owned by owner occupied and small landlords, and at what % affordable

Owner-occupied and small landlords: **75.91%**

Affordable Owner occupied and small landlords: **36.27%**

**Extension:**

1. Which landlords have the most housing complaints?

The top three companies with the most complaints are:

1. CABOOSE PROPERTIES LLC
2. ONE HUNDREND HALLEST ST LLC A MASS LLC
3. WILLIAMS NORMAN W

图表

描述已自动生成

1. What are the most frequently complained reasons?

图表, 条形图

描述已自动生成Unsafe and dangerous, and failure to obtain permits are the two problems most being complained about.

1. Which city has the highest number of complaints?

The city which zip code is 2124 has the most complaints. According the basic question c, maybe Dorchester city has the most housings so it has the most complaints.

图表, 条形图, 直方图

描述已自动生成

**Limitations Encountered**

1. We can't get a breakdown of races for each city in the Boston area, so we can't get a breakdown of the races of people who own housing in each city.
2. We suspect that the addresses we get from google API are not only located in Boston but also some other cities like NYC share the same street addresses. This may lead to a larger calculation of the number of homes owned by the landlord.
3. Some data in the combined data set is incomplete, which may affect the results of the final analysis.
4. The complainants may complain about the same problem several times at different times because the problem was not solved in time, resulting in inaccurate analysis results.

**Challenges Encountered**

1. Not familiar with the zip code and street names in the Boston area. So we don't have a very intuitive sense of the data.
2. In the process of getting a detailed address through google API, the process of splitting the address is very complicated.
3. For the two datasets in the extension project, we are unable to find a column to merge the dataset. We stacked the data according to the time of complaints. This makes our task very complicated.

**Suggestions for the future of the project**

1. The data obtained through the Google API will be further cleaned to reduce the bias brought by the data.
2. Obtain more data on Dorchester City to further study the distribution of housing in the city.